Sustainable Development of Kazakhstani Companies

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Abstract ; The analysis of innovations of sustainable development of Kazakhstani enterprises requires a deep assessment of activities from the point of view of sustainable development. Kazakhstan has made significant progress in creating prerequisites for the development of sustainable development innovations.

The objects of the study are companies in Kazakhstan that provide sustainable innovations, and the subjects of the study are business models for creating and managing sustainable innovations.

The purpose of the research work is to analyze the innovations of sustainable development as an effective management model of Kazakhstani enterprises and the answer to the fundamental question – what is the economic feasibility of sustainable development innovations (sustainability-led innovation) and how to build effective enterprise management at the same time.

Research methods include quantitative and qualitative methods, analysis of scientific literature and regulatory framework.

As a results of research work following was done: the analysis of the experience of managing sustainable innovation in foreign countries; a qualitative study was conducted to identify the main barriers to innovation of sustainable development at enterprises in Kazakhstan; developed model for managing sustainable innovation was adapted.

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I. INTRODUCTION

In the modern world, trends in the growth of human activity and excessive consumption of natural resources cause a change in the state of the components of the climate system, reducing the natural increase in natural capital faster than it can be replenished, thereby causing the deterioration of ecological systems [1]. As the world's population grows, these problems will continue to grow unless effective action is taken [2].

Sustainability is a key driver of innovation and competitiveness that may help to solve mentioned above problems. Over the past two years, the number of companies engaged in the production of such innovations in the world has grown by 25% [3].

The need to move towards sustainable development in the global community was recognized several decades ago, for example, by the World Commission on Environment and Development (WCED), which clearly explained the need to change the way we consume and produce goods and highlighted the key role of companies in this endeavor [4]. In recent years, factors of sustainable development, such as respect for the environment, social responsibility, as well as high quality corporate governance, have become increasingly important for investors and society as a whole in Kazakhstan.[4-6].

The government of Kazakhstan is also actively raising the issue of achieving sustainable development goals at the regional and international levels. Companies in the current development environment need to adhere to the concept of the triple criterion, in which equal attention is paid to economic prosperity, environmental protection and social justice as a means of supporting the transition to sustainable development.

Innovations in the field of sustainable development are important not only for preserving the natural balance, but also for enterprises as a new business model. Kazakhstan has made significant progress in creating prerequisites for the development of sustainable development innovations. For many years, following works has been carried out in this direction: the year of "Environmental Protection" was announced, the Environmental Code was adopted, the Council for Sustainable Development was established, the Green Bridge partnership program was launched, various government programs were adopted, etc. One of the key points can be considered the Strategy "Kazakhstan-2050", where the Government was tasked with the transition to a "green economy" by increasing the share of alternative and renewable energy; increasing the productivity of agricultural land by 1.5 times by 2020; reducing carbon dioxide emissions in the electric power industry up to 40% by 2050; providing 100% coverage of the population with the removal of solid household waste and bringing the level of recycling to 50% by 2050 [7-9].

Companies in the current development environment need to adhere to the triple criterion concept, which places equal emphasis on economic prosperity, environmental protection, and social justice as a means of supporting the transition to sustainable development [10].

Today representatives of the business environment in Kazakhstan have understood the need for a transition to sustainable development. Over the years, the country has been working in this direction.

The purpose is to study sustainability-led innovation development in Kazakhstani companies for evaluating the maturity of these enterprises in producing sustainable innovations.

II METHODS

Systematic literature review including regulatory framework analysis, survey, interview, case study methods. Research design includes the next steps: 1) Surveying 185 companies; 2) extracting 21 companies for conducting an interview; 3) investigating 8 cases of the development of sustainable innovations in domestic companies.

N⁰	Company	Company field	Product	
1	«Arnasai»	Center for Green Technologies	Collectors, panels, energy-saving and water- saving technologies	
2	«Istoki dobra»	Public fund	Social project "Aid squad" Akzhan "	
3	International Financial Center "Astana"	Financial hub	"Protection of Natural Monuments"	
4	BI Group	Investment and construction holding	Project: "EcoEvolution"	
5	Kuntech	Research and production company	Green securities, including green bonds	
6	Ulytau	Manufacturing facility	"Green Quarter" residential complex, wind farm	
7	"Magnum Cash&Carry"	Trade and retail network	Solar heating devices - solar collectors, solar facades for buildings, solar water distillers, solar light ducts, solar cooling system	
8	Al-Farabi Kazakh National University	Education and Science	Energy saving lamps, satellite apparatus, interactive suitcase for physicists, etc.	

Table 1 - Characteristics of the research sample

As table 1 shows, there are 8 companies that were chosen for the case study analysis. Research methods help to evaluate factors affecting the development of sustainable innovations in these companies.

III RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The study reveals the next research findings:

1. The main barriers were grouped into "State-regulated factors", "Factors dictated by the market", "Factors associated with development", "Information factors". A detailed description of these barriers is depicted below in Table 2.

	Systematic	Subfactors	
N⁰	factors		
	State-regulated	No penalties for instability;	
1	factors	Insufficient incentives from the state;	
Bureaucracy and indifference to		Bureaucracy and indifference to the problems of sustainability of local	
		administrative structures;	
		Weak legal framework regulating sustainable development;	
		Lack of financing instruments for sustainable development;	
	Factors dictated by the market	Import and smuggling of harmful products and technologies into the country;	
2		Market competition;	
		Macroeconomic instability of the economy;	
		Weak demand for sustainable goods;	
2	Development factors	Underdeveloped infrastructure for sustainable projects;	
3		Lack of radical innovation in product and process development;	
Low return on sustainable Lack of competent sp		Low return on sustainable products and processes;	
		Lack of competent specialists in this area;	
	Γ	Various risks manifested in the course of work;	
	Information factors	Low awareness of the population	
4		Lack of promotion of sustainable development and the necessary information.	

Table 2 - Barriers to sustainable innovation development in the studied companies

As Table 2 shows, there many groups of factors that negatively affect the development of sustainable innovations in the investigated companies.

2. The interview results show that the most frequently mentioned barriers by case study participants are bureaucracy, lack of awareness, and lack of information.

3. Most companies (78%) buy the existed foreign models and technologies to produce innovative products and adapt them in practice. There is a lack of knowledge and skills to create own unique products and technologies that may be explained by the low maturity level of innovative and technological development of the country and lack of qualified specialists in this area.

4. As research results show, 4 companies meet the 1^{st} level of sustainable innovation maturity, 2 companies meet the 2^{nd} level, 2 companies focused their efforts on the transition to the third level. There is a description of maturity levels of companies in Table 3.

Maturity level	Name	Description of innovation
0	Passive / Lack of innovative activity	No activity or 'cosmetic' statements of intent based on public relations
1	Improving innovation	Innovation based on the concept of 'Doing what we usually do, but better', removing waste, reducing the footprint of existing processes, increasing efficiency
2	Capability-Driven Innovation / New Products/ Processes	Development of new products, processes, services that open up an innovation space

3 Systematic		Creation of new models at the system level that contribute to other fields.	
	innovations		

As Table 3 shows, there are 4 levels of sustainable development maturity that have specific features. The study evaluates the chosen companies according to these characteristics that are shown in Figure 1.

The Figure 1 presents the results of the evaluation.





The study develops a model for managing the transition of these companies from low to the high level of the development. Detailed description of the model for the mentioned levels is depicted in the Figure 2.

	OPERATIONAL OPTIMISATION	ORGANISATIONAL TRANSFORMATION	SYSTEMS BUILDING
Innovation objective	Compliance and efficiency	Novel products, services or business models	Novel products, services or business models via new networks
Level of business model innovation	Little, if any	Basic changes, without challenging the core business logic	Radical changes, including a redefinition of the core business logic
Innovation outcome	Less harm to environment	Shared value for multiple stakeholders	Net positive impact on society

Figure 2 Sustainability strategies adopted from Adams et al [11]

One of the goals of our research is the adaptation of the model of innovative activity of sustainable development developed by R.Adams, in practice of domestic enterprises that apply innovations of sustainable development. The model consists of 38 practices identified as a result of painstaking research and allows you to introduce innovations

from goals and monitoring to the development of tools and knowledge management systems, regardless of the scope of the enterprise.

In the course of the study, various formats of organizing the adaptation process of the Model were tested:

1. The process of adapting the Model was very flexible and was considered individually for each case, taking into account the specifics of the conditions for the development of the company, and other features.

2. During the experiment, the interest of all project participants and their involvement were taken into account.

3. Taking into account the feasibility of specific ideas and obtaining information for the further development of the idea, customers and suppliers from existing or potential new supply chains were recruited for the experiment.

In Kazakhstan, technologies, tools and guidelines to support companies that have adopted the first two categories of sustainable development strategies are readily available, such as clean production technologies, green design guidelines and environmental management systems. Most of these innovations are adapted from other countries. In this connection, the development and implementation of new business models of companies developing sustainable innovation to integrate sustainability at the operational level (in the first two categories of sustainable development strategy).

The study confirms that barriers exist at all stages according to the Model, that is, at the institutional level, value chain level, organizational level and employee level, and shows that most of the barriers are encountered by companies at the organizational level, followed by the level of the value chain, the level staff and institutional level. The study identifies additional barriers compared to barriers in the emerging literature on sustainable innovation.

Domestic companies focused on creating sustainable innovations should apply the model of innovative activity of sustainable development, developed as a result of an analysis of the cases of 8 Kazakhstani companies and foreign leaders in this area. As shown by the results of statistical methods (regression and analysis of variance) and interviews conducted with the participation of the leaders of the above companies, the implementation of sustainable development activities according to this model will allow to achieve high results.

A very important role should be given to the interest of the country's leadership in the implementation of sustainable initiatives at all levels of company development, regardless of the field of activity. The development of a competitive environment will expand knowledge in the field of sustainable development, increase the flow of qualified personnel and the interest of all persons in the business model of sustainable development.

IV CONCLUSION

Finally, developed model helps companies to group their innovations according to three dimensions. These are parameters such as the focus of innovation on technology or the needs of society, the company's assessment of its relation to society, and the degree of innovation diffusion within the company. The model allows you to make changes at the system level in the process of company management. It will also open up new prospects for economic growth. Businesses can use this model to assess product and technology innovation, maturity levels, and current performance, taking into account individual developments or the organization as a whole.

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